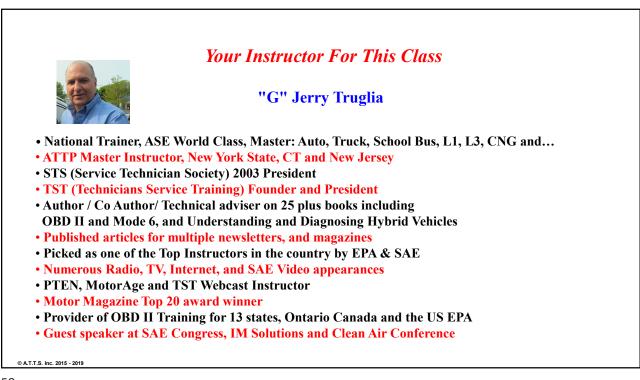
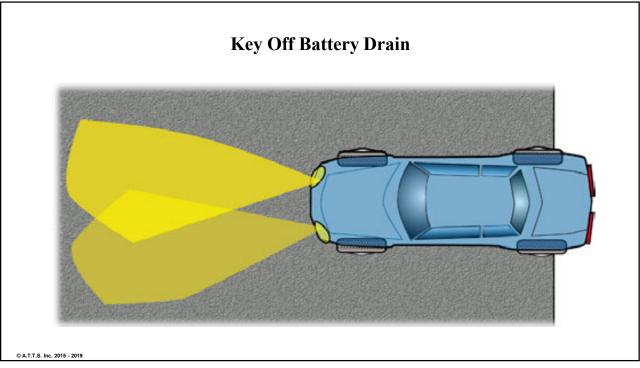
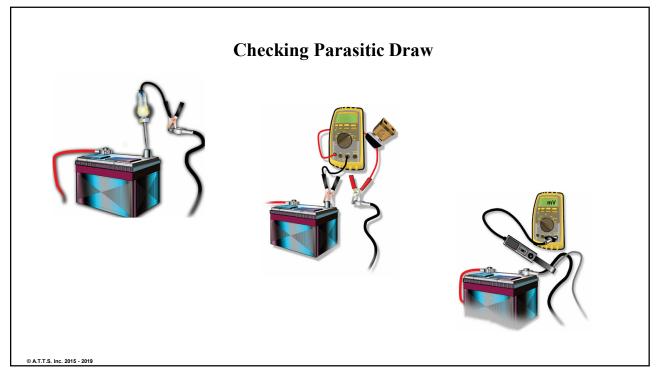
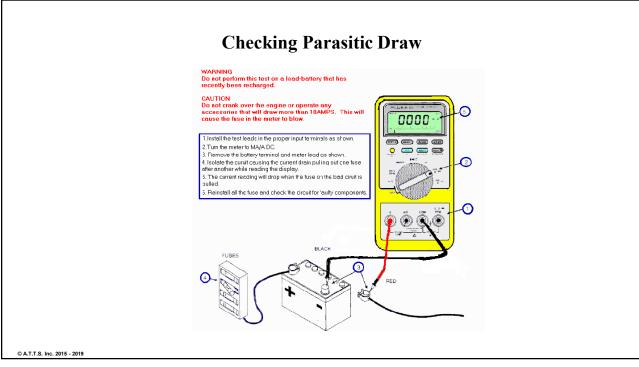
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Presents
<b>Diagnosing Electrical Problems on Today's</b> <b>Motor Vehicles PART 4</b>
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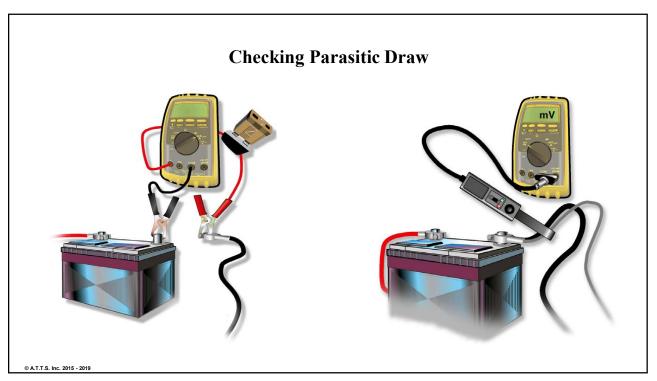


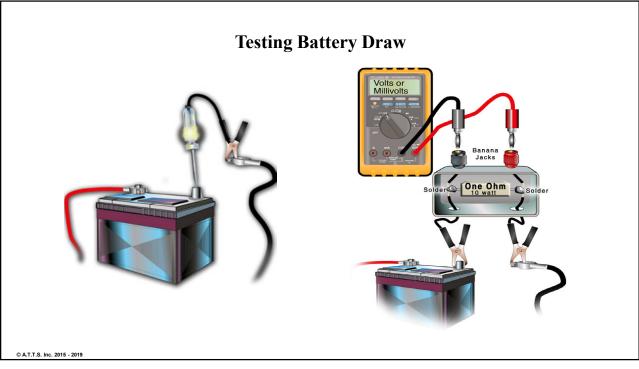




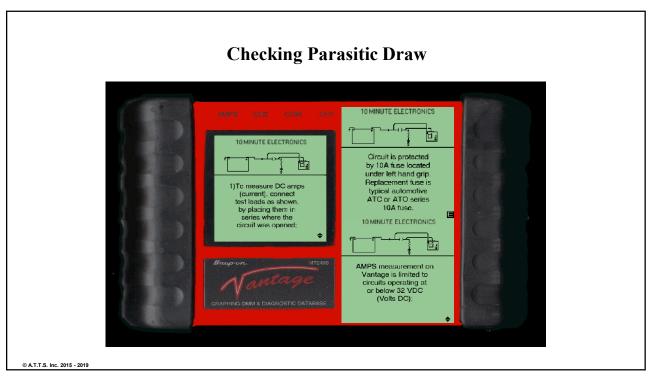


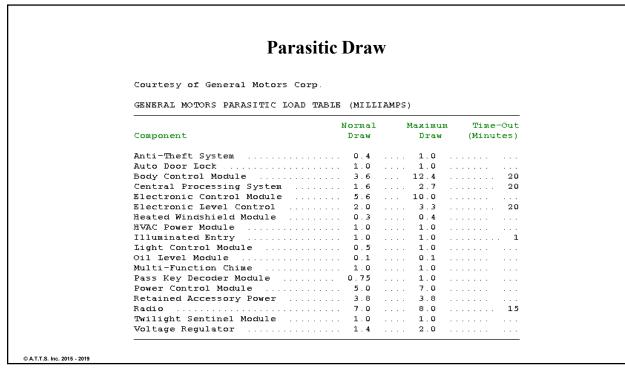


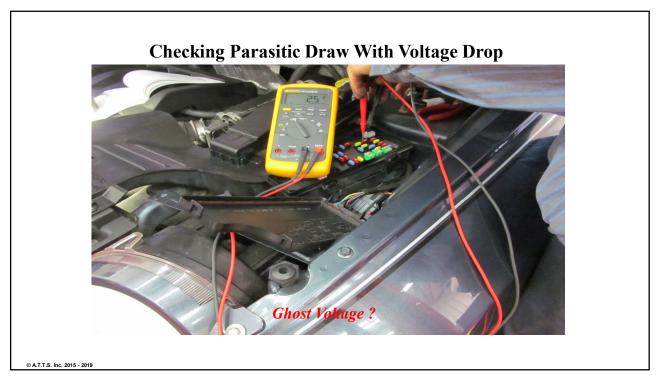


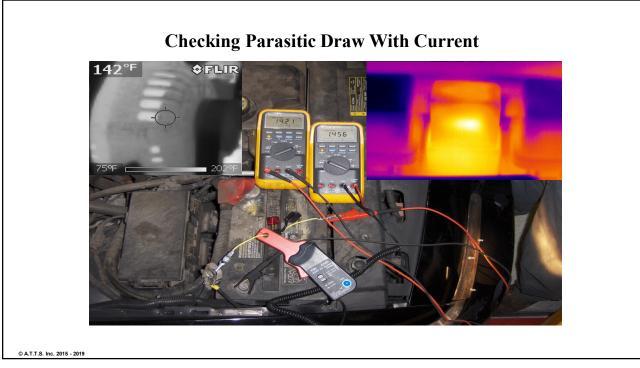




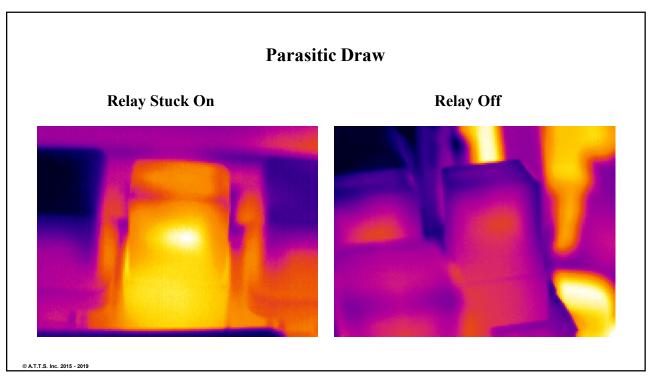






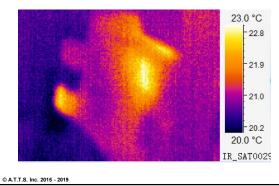




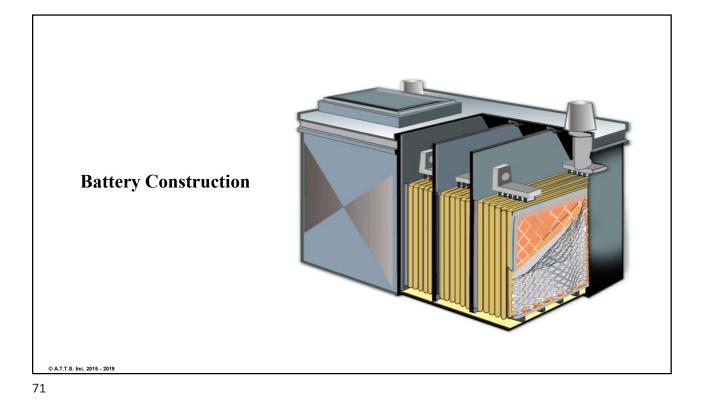


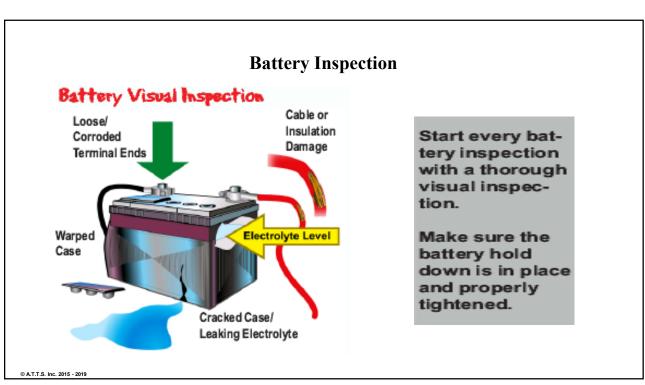
## **Parasitic Draw**

2010 Honda Odyssey 3.5L, V6 came in with a complaint of a dead battery. Using a thermal imager led us to the right rear side sliding door motor assembly and the right rear body module that were draining the battery. Using a thermal imager can save time and make you money. Always make sure that the vehicle is cold for best results.









## The Game Plan

Next try starting your diagnostic procedure by testing from the basics up, finding out what's right and what's wrong, just like the big box scope analyzers did for years gone past. The good thing about the old big box analyzers was that they forced us to start at the battery, starter, alternator, engine mechanical condition, emission gas readings, ignition, fuel systems and scan data.



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